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INSURANCE.**Theo. H. Davies & Co.**
(Limited.)**AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.****Northern Assurance Company**

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds \$1,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.
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—LIMITED—**LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. . .****AGENTS FOR****New England Mutual Life Insurance Co**
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The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian
Australian Steamship Line
Tickets are IssuedTo All Points in the United States
and Canada, via Victoria and
Vancouver.**Mountain Resorts:**Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens
and Fraser Canon.Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver
Tickets to All Points in Japan, China,
India and Around the World.For Tickets and general information
—APPLY TO—**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.**
Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line
Canadian Pacific Railway.**CHAS. BREWER & CO'S****NEW YORK LINE**Regular line of vessels plying
between New York and Honolulu.
BARK NUANU
will sail from New York on or
about July 15, 1906.FREIGHT TAKEN AT LOW-
EST RATES.For freight rates apply to
CHAS. BREWER & CO.,
21 Kilby St., Boston, or
C. BREWER & CO., LTD.,
Honolulu.**Bank of Hawaii**
LIMITED.Incorporated Under the Laws of the
Territory of Hawaii.PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$600,000.00
SURPLUS.....200,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....102,617.80**OFFICERS:**Charles M. Cooke,.....President
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PARTMENTS.**Strict attention given to all branches
of Banking.

JUDD BUILDING, FORT STREET.

Somaburn-Bremen Fire Insurance CoThe undersigned having been ap-
pointed agents of the above company
are prepared to insure risks against
fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and
on Merchandise stored therein on the
most favorable terms. For particulars
apply at the office of

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

North German Marine Insur'ce Co.
OF BERLIN.**Fortuna General Insurance Co.**
OF BERLIN.The above Insurance Companies have
established a general agency here, and
the undersigned, general agents, are
authorized to take risks against the
dangers of the sea at the most reasonable
rates and on the most favorable
terms.F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
General Agents.**General Insurance Co. for Sea
River and Land Transport
of Dresden.**Having established an agency at Ho-
nolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the
undersigned general agents are author-
ized to take risks against the dangers
of the sea at the most reasonable rates
and on the most favorable terms.F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.**UNION PACIFIC**

The Overland Route.

It was the Route in '49!
It is the Route today, and
Will be for all time to come.**THE OLD WAY.****THE NEW WAY.**

"THE OVERLAND LIMITED."

ELECTRIC LIGHTED
RUNNING EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
City Two Nights between Missouri and
San Francisco

Montgomery St. San Francisco, Cal.

S. F. MOOTH.

General Agent.

**NEW ROAD
TO WAHIAWA**

(Continued from Page 6.)

the heavy grade to Wahiawa but the
cars could have run down to the Wa-
pahu junction easily enough without
any. On the way back lunch was served
and the prospects of back-country
farming pretty well canvassed. There
seemed to be general agreement in the
view that the useless military reserva-
tion up that way ought to be reacquired
by the Territory and put into pine-
apples. There are 8000 acres in the
tract as arable as the best of the Wa-
hiawa land and of no value to the War
Department. Somebody said, with
much truth, that if the Government
really wants to develop Hawaii in the
American homestead fashion it ought
not to seize the cream of its farming
land and hold it simply for the fun of
the thing.

The following comprised the visiting
party: Mark P. Robinson, 1st Vice
President; H. M. von Holt, 2nd Vice
President and Superintendent Ranch
Department; A. W. Van Valkenburg,
Secretary and Director; Walter F.
Dillingham, Treasurer and Director;
Fred C. Smith, General Passenger and
Ticket Agent; W. F. Frear (Chief Jus-
tice) and Thos. W. Hobron, Trustees
of Bondholders; F. A. Schaefer, E. A.
Mott-Smith and Jos. A. Gilman, Direc-
tors; Geo. P. Denison, General Super-
intendent; C. H. Kluegel, C. E.; A. M.
Hurt, Yardmaster, all of the O. R. &
L. Co.; H. C. Kellogg, C. E.; Captain
J. R. Slattery, U. S. A. Engineer Corps;
Captain Humphrey, Quartermaster U.
S. A.; Cecil Brown, President First
National Bank of Hawaii; L. Tenney
Peck, Cashier F. N. B. and Tenney
Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co.;
Clarence H. Cooke, Cashier Bank of
Hawaii, Ltd.; C. S. Holloway, Superin-
tendent of Public Works; A. L. C. At-
kinson, Secretary of Hawaii; C. R.
Buckland, Chief Clerk Executive De-
partment; E. D. Tenney of Castle &
Cooke, Ltd.; Paul Muhlenhoff of Allen
& Robinson, Ltd.; Alex. Garvie of
Bishop & Co., bankers; Richard Ivers
of W. G. Irwin & Co., Ltd.; W. Pfloten-
hauer of H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.; Mr.
Dickson of Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd.,
San Francisco branch; W. O. Smith,
Sidney M. Ballou, W. G. Goodale,
Manager Waiwala Agricultural Co.,
Ltd.; George P. Carle, Wallace R.
Farrington, Editor Evening Bulletin;
Frank L. Hoogs, Manager Hawaiian
Star; Daniel Leong of the Advertiser,
representing the press of over twenty
years ago which supported B. F. Dil-
lingham in promoting the Oahu Rail-
way, and Walter G. Smith, Mrs. H.
C. Brown of Wahiawa was a passenger
from town returning home.

More A. V. V. who was French
Counsel here up to last year, may yet
return to duty in the islands. Postal
cards received by friends indicate that
this is likely.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

One of the most significant recent movements in connection with the devel-
opment of island industries has been the arrival in Honolulu of an agent for a
San Francisco house formed for the purpose of handling Hawaiian products aside
from sugar. The old firm of Alexander & Baldwin, while it does not stand
sponsor for the new corporation—that is to say, while it does not announce itself
as the backer—has, in effect, put out the Pacific Distributing Company as an
offshoot. Wallace Alexander, the San Francisco manager for Alexander & Bal-
win, is vice-president of the new company.

The formation of a company of this kind, to handle pineapples, bananas,
coffee, sisal, tobacco, tropical fruits and any and all products of the islands for
which there is sale on the mainland, should go a long way toward the solution
of the question of finding a market for things other than sugar that can be
raised here—and that cannot be grown in the States. If the market is found,
the chief objection that has been made to tropical small farming here is re-
moved, and Hawaii will have taken a long step in the direction of diversified
agriculture and assured prosperity.

There is, of course, no desire to minimize the sugar interest, which must al-
ways probably be the chief industry here, but there is money in rubber and
tobacco and sisal and bananas and pineapples. Indeed, as to pineapples, the
matter has gone beyond the experimental stage. And, if diversified agriculture
is made possible, there is plenty of room here for a large and thrifty agricultural
population.

A representative of the Pacific Distributing Company reached Honolulu on
the Siberia Friday, and will visit all the islands and endeavor to make arrange-
ments with the producers to market their products. This representative, Mr.
Fred W. Dickson, has suggested a local union of producers, and the suggestion
would seem to be a wise one. A combination of producers, acting with San
Francisco men conscientiously striving to extend the market for Hawaiian
products on the mainland, would be hard to beat in a commercial way.

THE SUGAR MARKET.

Notwithstanding the fact that the price of sugar continues upon the higher
levels, there has been little activity noted in the stock market during the past
week. The total crop of the Islands is estimated at 340,000 tons, of which it is
said that approximately 189,000 tons are still to reach the market.

Sales on the Honolulu Exchange during the first five days of the week were
made as follows: \$1000 Pioneer at 103.25; Haiku, 5 at 185; Olan, 25 at 2.75, 25
at 2.50; Waiwala, 50 at 57.50, 90 Mutual Telephone at nine; Hawaiian Commercial,
45 at 87; Hawaiian Agricultural, 5 and 25 at 100; Ewa, 100 and 44 at
23.62; Honou, 10 at 140; Honolulu Brewing and Malting Co., 95 and 260 at
25.25; McBryde, 10 at 5.50; Hawaiian Sugar Co., 50 at 35.

THE KOA LUMBER BUSINESS.

The first shipment of koa lumber to the mainland got away from Hilo on
the steamer Enterprise during the week. The shipment approximated sixteen
thousand feet, and was rough-sawn lumber, prepared at the mill of the Hilo
railroad. Of course it does not show up the real quality of the wood in this
form, as it would when polished, but sections from many logs were taken and
the samples were said to be very fine. There is plenty of timber in the forest on
the Shipman place back of the Volcano House, where the lumber people are
operating, and if the samples sent forward by the Enterprise create the favor-
able impression that they should, cutting will go on fast.

WHAT CONGRESS HAS DONE.

Although the refunding bill failed to pass at the session of Congress just
closed, owing mainly to the opposition of Speaker Cannon, there is believed to
be hope for the measure at the short session which convenes in December, and
in other matters Congress has not treated Hawaii badly. About \$765,000 of
the money appropriated at the session will be spent in Hawaii, and that does
not include the appropriation for Honolulu harbor, which was authorized at the
last session. The list of appropriations includes \$250,000 for fortifications in
Hawaii; \$200,000 for sites for fortifications; \$150,000 for the purchase of a
site for a public building; \$20,000 for filling in Quarantine Island; \$35,000 for
filling in the Reef; \$10,000 for a federal law library; \$60,000 for Makapuu light-
house, and \$40,000 for the Honolulu light. The last two items were authorized
on the omnibus lighthouse bill passed a few weeks ago. The appropriation for
Makapuu light was made on the Sundry Civil bill, but the appropriation for
Honolulu light was struck out on that bill. Subsequently, however, it was put
into the general deficiency bill and became a law in connection with that
measure.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The town was filled with rumors early in the week to the effect that some
kind of combination was afoot looking to a union of some of the local drug
stores, with a view to lessening competition and increasing the business of the
combined firms, but stories of this kind were persistently denied by the parties
interested. A number of people persist in the belief, however, that something
of the kind is in the wind.

There should be great gain for Hawaii in the report of the government ex-
pert to the effect that Hawaiian sisal is the best and the consequent demand
for plants from these islands to start plantations in the Philippines. Thirty-six
tons of sisal plants were lately shipped from this port to Manila, and more
shipments are to go forward. If Hawaiian sisal plants are the best, Hawaiian
sisal should also be the best—and its sale should be pushed in the mainland
markets.

Political agitation has begun to interfere a little with commercial activity,
but so far not to any great extent.

The position taken by the Board of Health in offering the services of its
chemist for the examination of samples of impure liquor sold in the numerous
Japanese deadfalls in this Territory should have a salutary effect in the reforma-
tion of the traffic.

The report by Treasurer Campbell of the satisfactory working of the new
system of collecting taxes semi-annually is most gratifying. The local bankers,
notwithstanding their loss of the warrant discount business, reported to amount
to nearly \$20,900 a year, are said to approve the new system because it does
away with the annual looking up in the Territorial vaults of one million dollars
paid in taxes—a drain which in so small a commercial community as this would
naturally be severely felt.

Honokaa Plantation has secured from the government the lease of 1000
acres of land which the management has been for some time desirous to get.
Honokaa has been very friendly to the government domiciled labor policy.

The new branch line of the Oahu railway to Wahiawa was formally opened
yesterday.

**CAPT. WEEDON'S HAWAIIANS
PLAYED THEMSELVES ASHORE**

Crews of Hawaiian strikebreakers taken from Honolulu to the
Coast have so far proven broken reeds, Captain Weedon of the
American-Hawaiian steamship Nebraskan, which arrived yesterday
from San Francisco via Seattle and Tacoma, lost half of his Hawa-
ian crew at Seattle. He took ten Hawaiians from here to act as a
crew on the return trip in case his Union crew were ordered off the
boat.

The boys took their musical instruments along and on the way to
San Francisco whiled away many an hour playing and singing
Hawaiian melodies. At Crockett Refinery, where George McLeod,
Guy Kelley and other former Honoluluans are now located, the
Hawaiians went ashore and gave a serenade for the kamaianas.
They had a good time, and when the boat dropped down to the city,
they had another good time. In fact, the musical habit took a good
strong hold on them and they were in demand at public places ashore
until the boat went up the coast to Puget Sound. At Seattle the
boys played themselves into popular favor ashore and finally five
of them deserted the ship, having procured an engagement to play
music at a resort as a Hawaiian quintet club.

The five remained in Seattle and only five of the original crew
returned to Honolulu.

BAD COMPLEXIONS**Dry Thin and Falling Hair
and Red Rough Hands
Prevented by****CUTICURA SOAP.**

MILLIONS use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying,
and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales,
and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whiten-
ing, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for
annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or
offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weak-
nesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily sug-
gest themselves to women, and especially to mothers, and for all the
purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion
can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for
preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other for-
eign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with
it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it com-
bines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap,
the best toilet and best baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.
Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and
soothe the itching, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching and irritation, and
soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Sold through-
out the world. Australian Depot: R. TOWN & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot:
LENNON LTD., Cape Town. "How to have Beautiful Skin, Hair, and Hands," free.
PUTTAR COMP., Boston, U. S. A. Sole Props., CUTICURA HANDKERIES.

**R. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
CHLORODYNE.**

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Each Bottle of this well-known Remedy for
**Coughs, Colds, Asthma,
Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Toothache,
Diarrhoea, Spasms, etc.,**

bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE.Numerous Testimonials from Eminent Physicians ac-
company each bottle.

Prices in England—

Sold in Bottles, 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6, by all Chemists.

Sole Manufacturers, J. T. Davenport, Limited, London

**DOCTORS
DISAGREE**

The Territorial Board of Medical Ex-
aminers is threatened with mandamus
proceedings for refusing to examine Dr.
K. Majima and Dr. N. Teutsuni, two
applicants before them for permission
to practise their profession in the Ter-
ritory. The grounds upon which the
refusal is based are that the appli-
cants can not speak the English lan-
guage and are therefore unable to
satisfy the board as to their fitness to
practise medicine.

The applicants have put their case in
the hands of attorneys and will de-
termine their rights in the courts.
Should they win on their mandamus
there promises to be a mix-up, as the
board will resign and will be backed
up by the Medical Association in doing
so. This will mean that the vacancies
on the board can not be filled, no mem-
ber of the association being willing to
serve under the circumstances.

Dr. A. N. Sinclair, one of the three
examiners, states the position of the
board in the following interview:
"When Dr. Wood, Dr. Waterhouse
and myself were on the board, we ex-
amined several Japanese applicants
who could not take their examination
in English, necessitating the use of an
interpreter. This we found most un-
satisfactory. Without desiring in any
way to cast any aspersions on our in-
terpreters, we found that all our ques-
tions in the oral examinations were the
subject of long harangues between the
applicant and the interpreter before the
answer was given to us. This may
have been necessary, but it was cer-
tainly unsatisfactory.

DOCTORS NOT SATISFIED.

"Then, the interpreter had to take
the examination papers home with them
for translation, keeping them three or
four days. This also was most unsat-
isfactory, so to remedy this state of af-
fairs we tried what we thought was
to be a good scheme.

"We secured the help of a Japanese
physician of high standing in Hono-
lulu, who translated the questions we
wished to ask and gave his translation
to the applicant. After the answers
were written this physician began to
translate them to us, when we found,
to our astonishment, that he did not
understand the Japanese technical
medical terms. He had been educated
in America and the same terms are
not employed in both countries. The
graduate of the Japanese colleges can
not understand the American terms,
nor the American graduates understand
the Japanese terms.

"We then made up our minds that it
was an impossibility for us to examine
Japanese in their own language. We
had given them the thing a fair and impar-
tial trial and found it a failure. This
determination we made known at the
meeting of the Medical Association, and
the members endorsed the stand we had
taken.

"Now that the matter is about to be
taken into the courts, we are going to
fight, and if it is decided against us, I

for one, will resign, and I do not think
any reputable physician will be found
to take my place.

THE ETHICAL SIDE.

"Outside of the legal aspects of the
case, there is the ethical side to be
considered. I do not think that a Japa-
nese physician who can not understand
English is in a position to uphold the
standing of the profession. I consider
ethics to be as important as knowl-
edge. This class of Japanese doctors
cut prices and act as pirates in the
profession. They care for nothing but
the fee attached to their work, and I
know that a great many of the opera-
tions they perform are wholly unneces-
sary, done only for the price that can
be obtained for them.

"I consider that the profession has a
right to be protected against these pi-
rates and that the public should back
the association up in this for their own
protection. Physicians have as much
right to their union as the mechanic,
and as much right to protect them-
selves as the legal or any other pro-
fession. It is illegal for one lawyer to
butt into another's case, why not for a
doctor to steal another's case?

"There are nine classes of practising
physicians in Japan, some of whom
have only a smattering of knowledge.
If we have to examine one of these in
Japanese we can not satisfy ourselves
as to his knowledge nor as to his ap-
preciation of the ethics of the profession.
I have said that I will not examine any
more of them, and if it is decided that
we have to, my resignation is ready."

"Of course I do not include all our
Honolulu Japanese physicians in this
class. We have some Japanese mem-
bers of our Medical Association, who
received their training in the best of
our American colleges and of whom I
have nothing but good to say. But many
of the home trained Japanese
doctors are not up to our standard, and
we are well within our legal right in
insisting that they show us that they
are competent to practise before we
allow them to do so here. In Califor-
nia the Medical Examining Board
would laugh at the idea of giving an
examination through an interpreter.
Then why should we do so here in Ha-
waii?"

**HILO TENNIS
TOURNAMENT**

HILO, July 12.—The Hilo Tennis Club
is holding a club tournament and
games are being played every day. Mrs.
Patten won from Mrs. Elliot on Tues-
day the score being 6-3, 7-5, and G.
Hagai won from H. Vickers, 6-3, 6-4. On
Saturday afternoon new singles and
new doubles will be played off.

WITH FAINT PRAISE.

The issue of July 2 of the Pacific
Commercial Advertiser, the semi-weekly
journal, contains 128 pages of ap-
proposals in magazine form in which
Hawaii past and present is set forth
in articles and illustrations. A fac-
simile of the first issue of the paper
is included, and some of the writers
engaged in its production have dip-
tised years into the future also, inter-
esting if a little, undoubtedly, on Hilo at
least. It is well gotten up in the main,
and is a credit to the publishing com-
pany and Honolulu.—Hilo Tribune.